
Design Considerations for a Cyber-Physical Testing Language

Recent Self-Driving Cars (Selection)



Source: Carnegie Mellon University



Source: Stanford University



Source: TU Braunschweig



Source: TU Braunschweig

Recent Self-Driving Cars (Selection)



Source: Volkswagen AG.



University of California, Berkeley



Source: <http://www.technologyreview.com/photogallery/425849/the-latest-in-self-driving-cars/4/#photo>



Source: http://viac.vislab.it/?page_id=155

Today's Urban Challenges

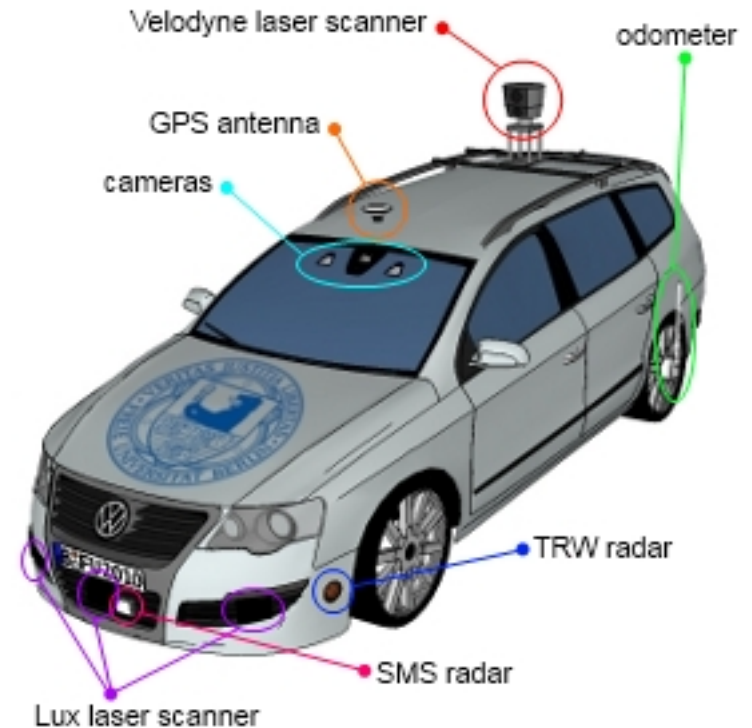
- Reliable detection of
 - Obstacles < mid-size car
 - Pedestrians
 - Bicyclists
 - Motorcyclists
 - Traffic signs
 - Traffic lights
- Safe operation
 - In parking garages
 - At rush hours
 - At night
 - At rough weather conditions
- Usability aspects
 - Long-term usage
 - Energy consumption & sustainability
 - Comfort



Source: <http://www.bmwblog.com/2010/10/10/bmw-makes-self-drive-car-with-active-cruise-control/>

Today's Technology for Self-Driving Cars

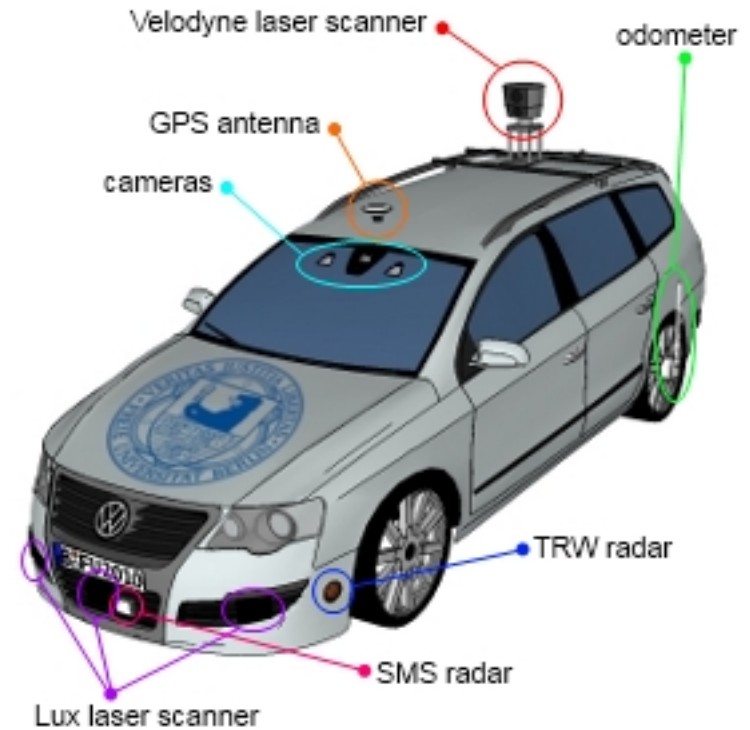
- Sensors:
 - Positioning
 - Vision sensors
 - Active sensors
 - V2X communication
- Powerful computation
- System architecture:
 - Localization & Perception
 - Interpretation
 - Acting
 - Monitoring & Evaluation



Source: <http://autonomos.inf.fu-berlin.de>

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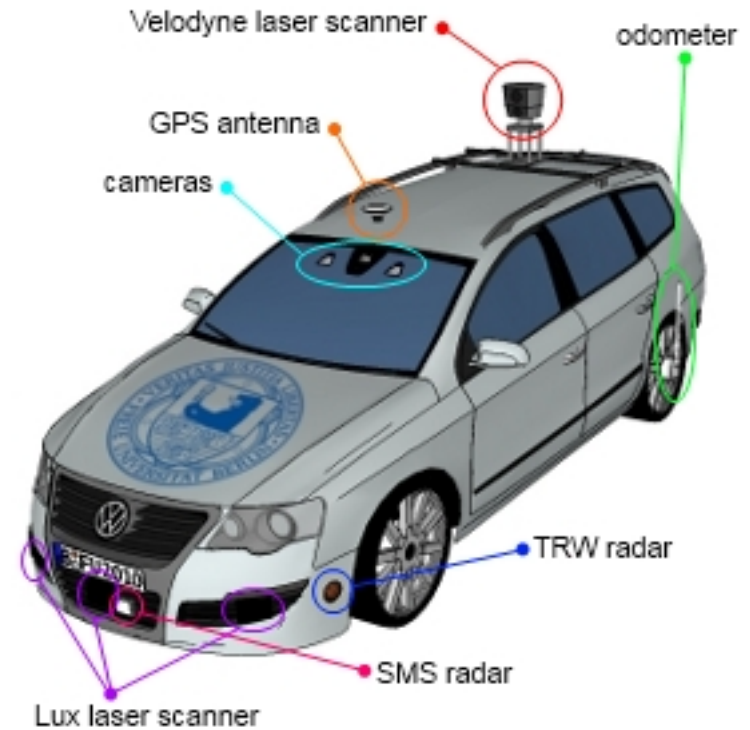


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1. The magic is in the software!

Today's Technology for Self-Driving Cars

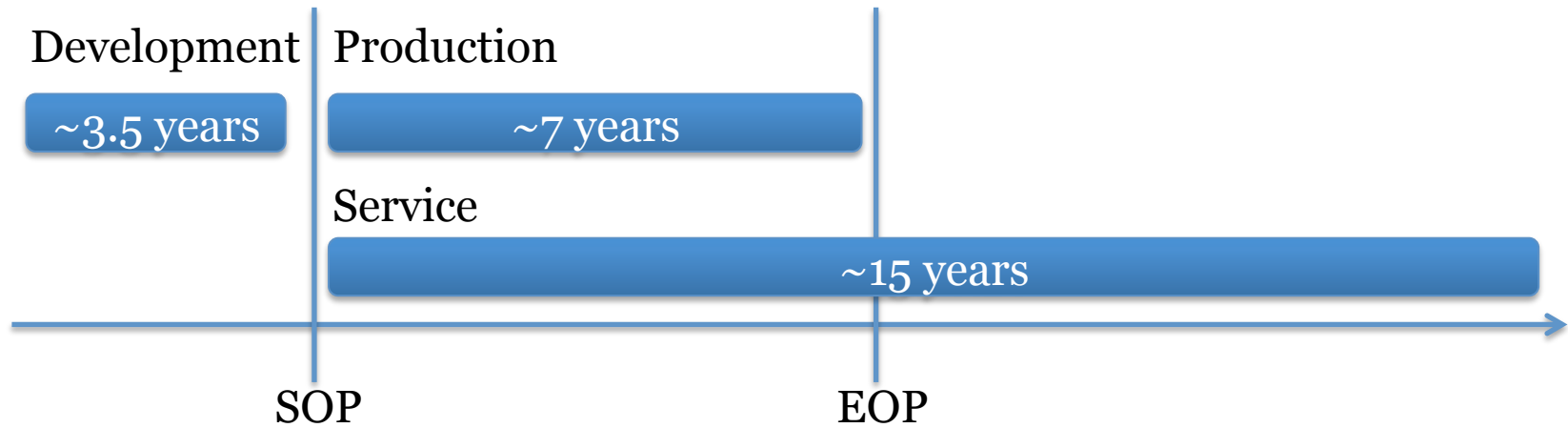
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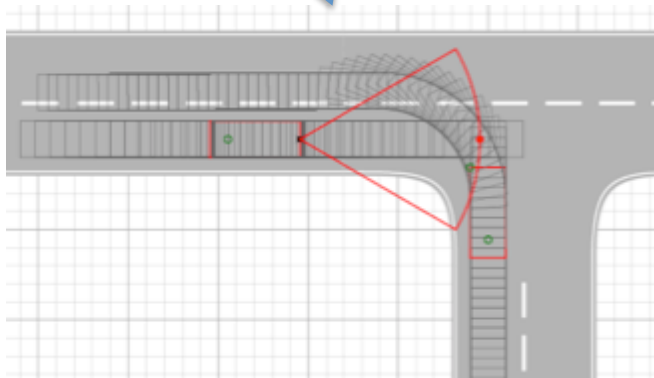
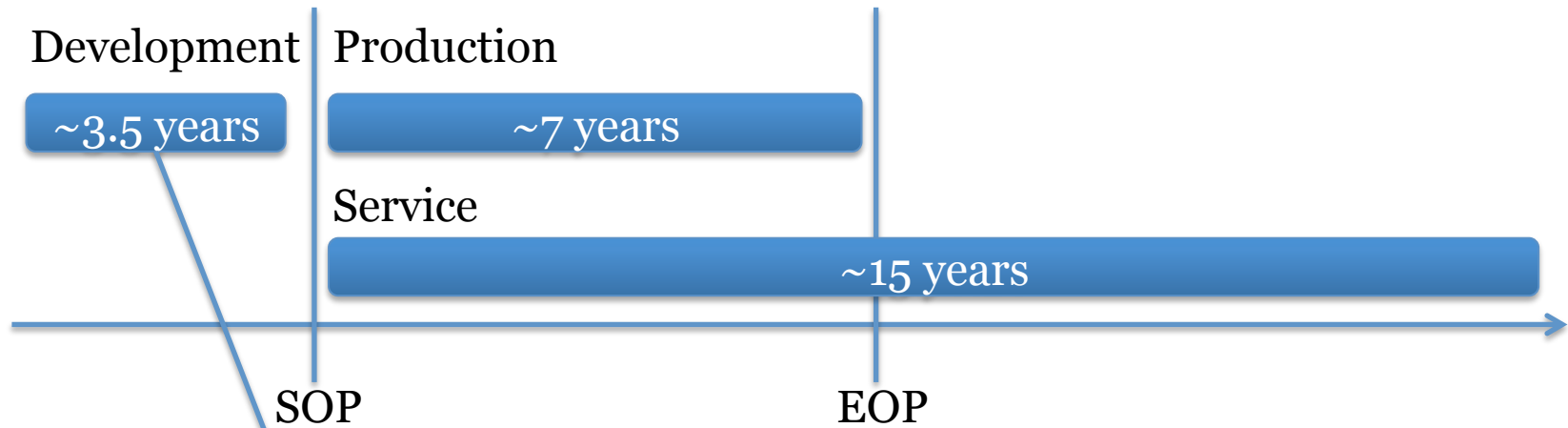
Source: <http://autonomos.inf.fu-berlin.de>

1. The magic is in the software!
2. But: „What methods can be applied to validation of complex systems that interact with the real world?“ – Winner of DUC

Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions

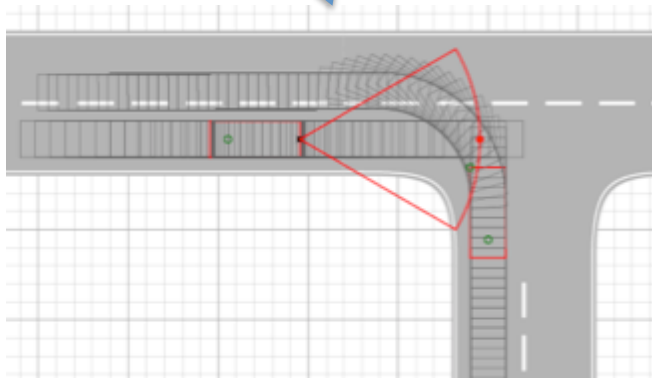
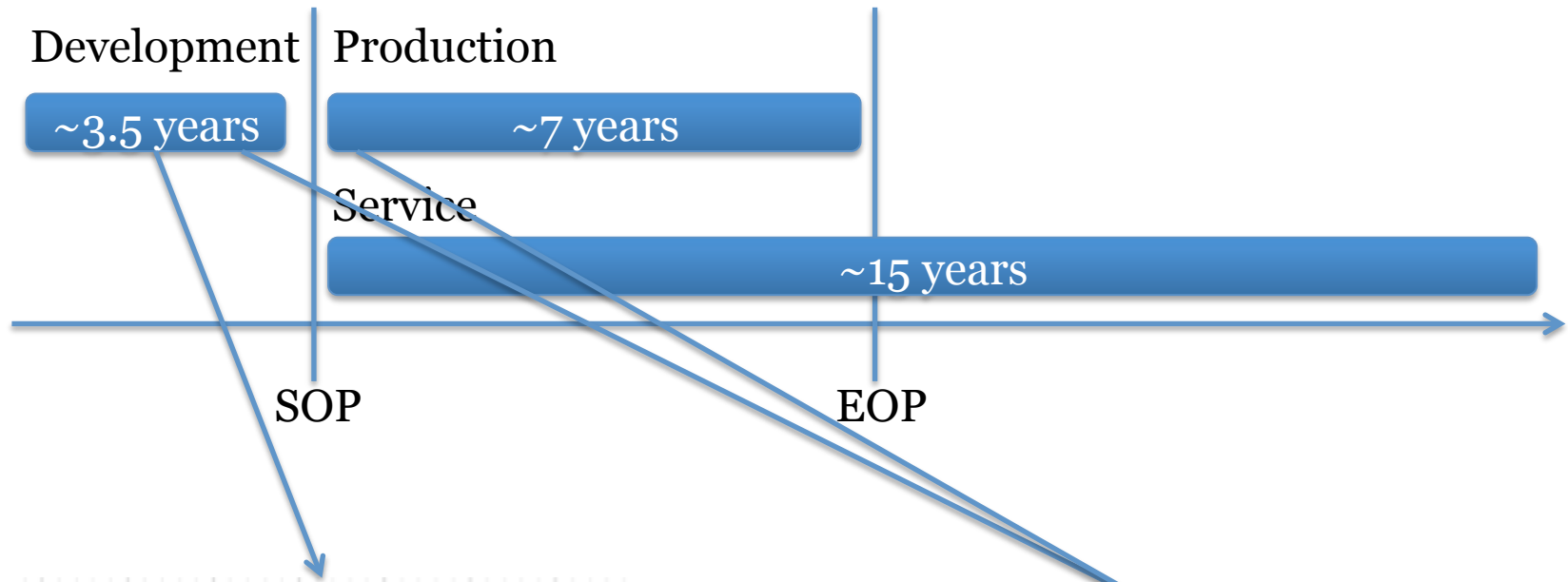


Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions



Source: IAV GmbH.

Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions

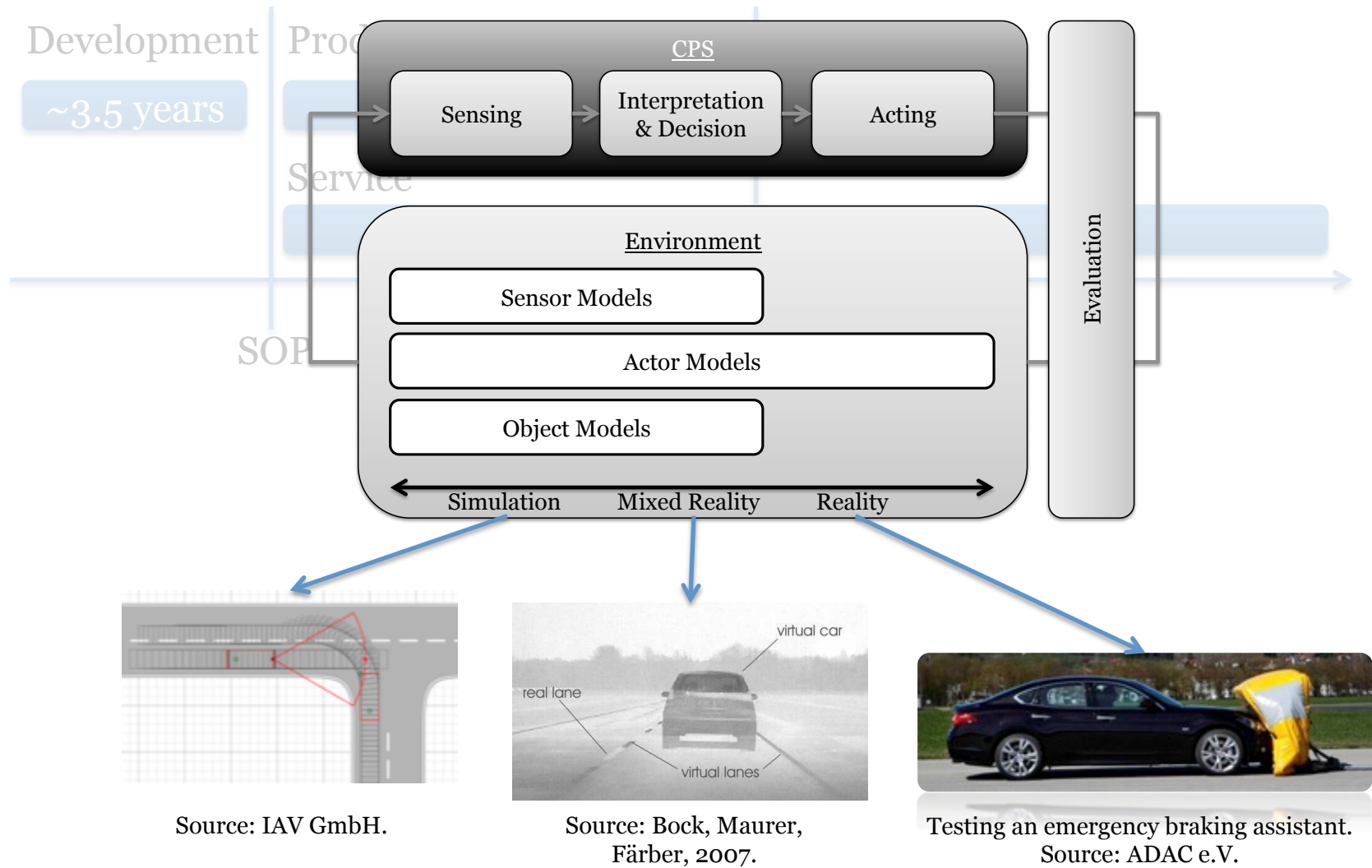


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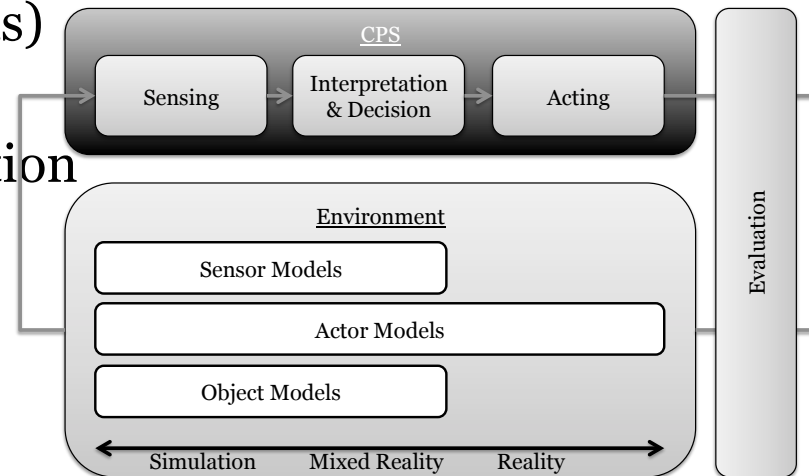
Testing an emergency braking assistant.
Source: ADAC e.V.

Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions



Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions

1. Consistent cyber-physical description for:
 - Scenarios
 - Stimuli behavior (dynamic elements)
 - SUT's expected behavior over time
 - Modeling experience-based evaluation
 - Comparable reporting



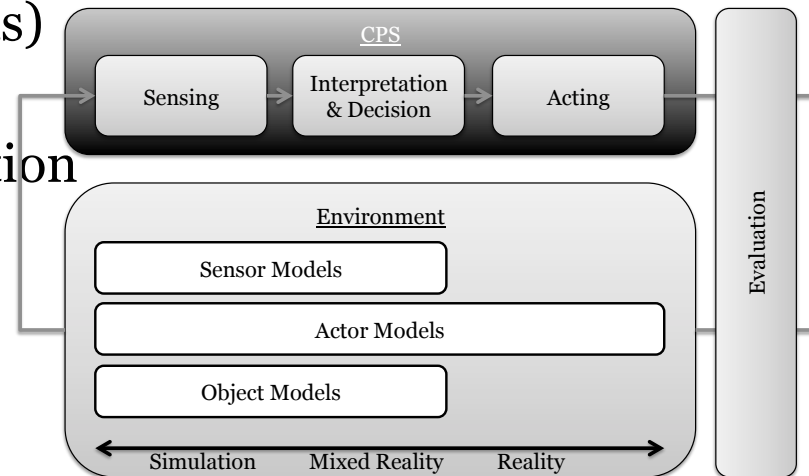
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2. Transformations for instances:

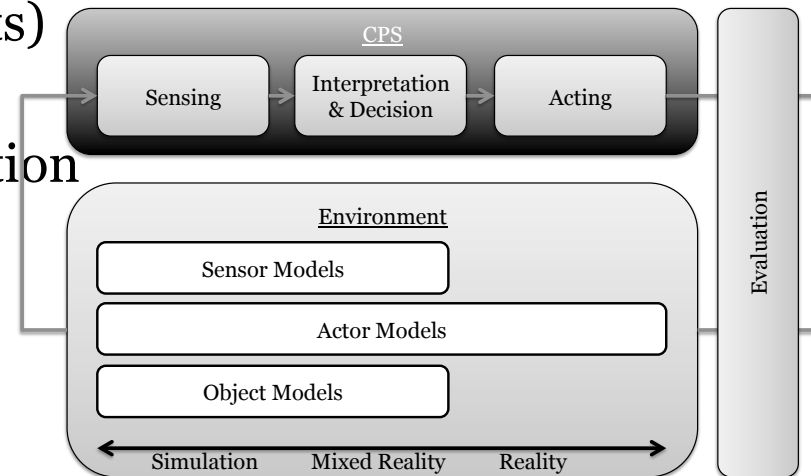
- Purely simulative approaches
- Augmented reality approaches on real proving grounds
- Real test-runs



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2. Transformations for instances:

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- Augmented reality approaches on real proving grounds
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3. Test-run data management and mining

- Derivation of quality metrics
- Prediction of SUT's maturity

Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions

- Preliminary ideas for a cyber-physical testing language:

```
env.ground.origin = (57.707116;11.936903);
env.ground.area = { (-80;-80), (80;-80),
(-80;80), (80;80) }; # square-shaped area

env.obj = null; # no other real objects

obj.0 is Cylinder(1;1.8); # diameter;height
obj.0.name = "Pedestrian";
obj.0.origin = (5;40);
obj.0.heading = PI; # heading to the west
obj.0.color = LIGHTGRAY;
obj.0.action = ped0(cps);

Camera is GenericCamera;

Camera.position = (1;0;1);
Camera.heading = (1;5/180*pi;0);
Camera.resolution = (640;480);

Camera0 is VisibilityCamera refines Camera;
Camera0.range = 30;
Camera0.angle = 1/3*pi;
Camera0.fps = 15;
```

```
RealCamera0 is VendorCam refines Camera;
RealCamera0.fps = 10;

cps.origin = (0;0);
cps.heading = 0.5*PI; # heading to the north
cps.has = { Camera };
cps.action = drive();

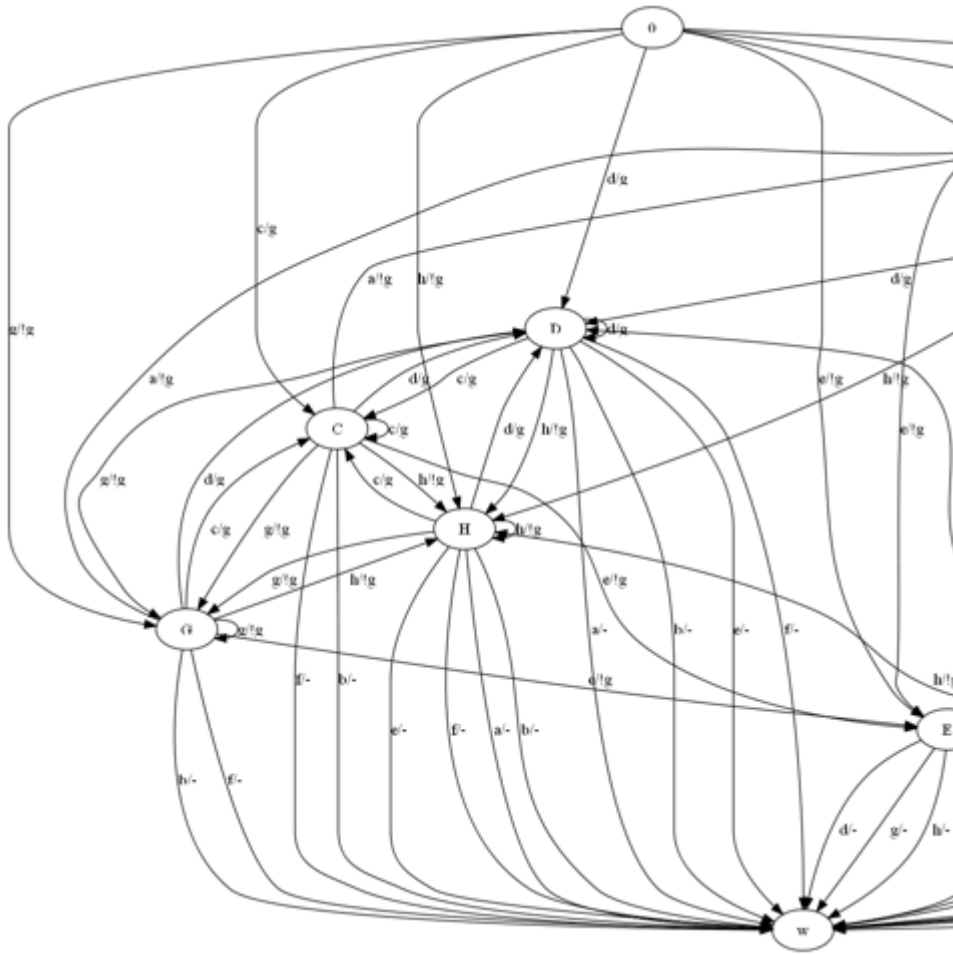
agent.0 is SafetyDistance;
agent.0.distance = 0.5;
agent.0.observes = { cps };

agent.1 is MaxSpeed;
agent.1.max = 15; # m/s
agent.1.observes = { cps };

sim = { env, obj.*, cps(Camera0) };
real = { env, obj.*, cps(RealCamera0) };
```

Cyber-Physical Testing of Environment-based Vehicle Functions

- Generating test cases from a requirements specification:



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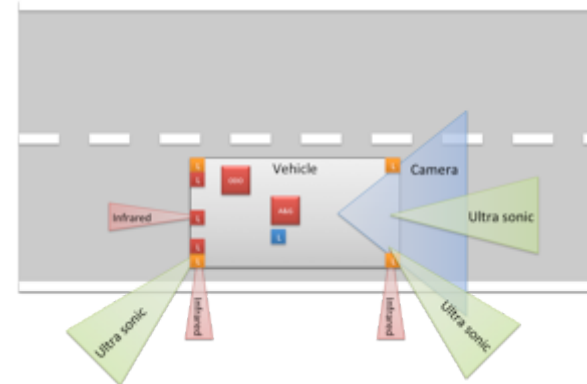
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Conclusion & Outlook

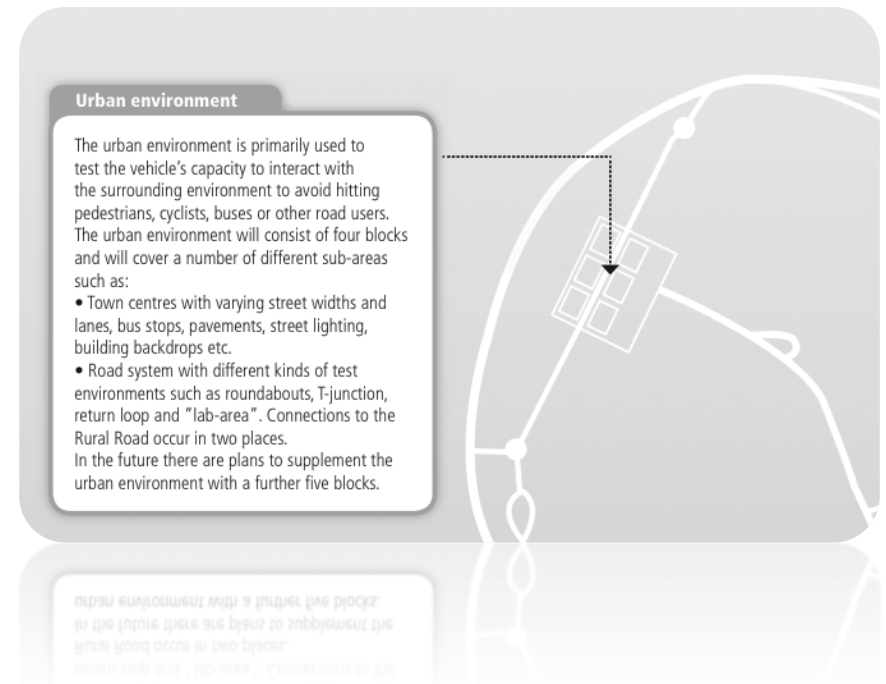
- Simulative & real world evaluation of CPS needs to be considered together
- Foundation: Cyber-physical testing language to combine the evaluation in both worlds
- Autonomous miniature vehicle fleet as one exemplary experimental lab



Conclusion & Outlook

- Simulative & real world evaluation of CPS needs to be considered together
- Foundation: Cyber-physical testing language to combine the evaluation in both worlds
- Autonomous miniature vehicle fleet as one exemplary experimental lab
- ASTAzero from summer 2014:
 - Proving ground for active safety vehicle functions
 - Includes mock up urban environment

ASTAZERO
ACTIVE SAFETY TEST AREA



Tack så mycket.

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